

DEPARTMENT of ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
Water Division - Watershed Management Bureau

LAKE TROPHIC DATA

MORPHOMETRIC:

| | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|
| Lake: BAGLEY POND | Lake Area (ha): | 13.15 |
| Town: WINDSOR | Maximum depth (m): | 7.6 |
| County: Hillsborough | Mean depth (m): | 3.5 |
| River Basin: Merrimack | Volume (m ³): | 458000 |
| Latitude: 43°05'57" N | Relative depth: | 3.0 |
| Longitude: 71°59'30" W | Shore configuration: | 1.24 |
| Elevation (ft): 1146 | Areal water load (m/yr): | 8.43 |
| Shore length (m): 1600 | Flushing rate (yr ⁻¹): | 2.40 |
| Watershed area (ha): 208.8 | P retention coeff.: | 0.57 |
| % watershed ponded: 0.0 | Lake type: | natural |

BIOLOGICAL:

19 February 2002

12 July 2001

| | | | |
|------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| DOM. PHYTOPLANKTON (% TOTAL) | #1 | DINOBRYON 60% | DINOBRYON 75% |
| | #2 | RHIZOSOLENIA 35% | CHRYSOSPHAERELLA 9% |
| | #3 | | UROGLENOPSIS 8% |
| PHYTOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (units/mL) | | | |
| CHLOROPHYLL-A (µg/L) | | | 6.40 |
| DOM. ZOOPLANKTON (% TOTAL) | #1 | NAUPLIUS LARVA 26% | NAUPLIUS LARVA 27% |
| | #2 | KERATELLA 18% | KERATELLA 19% |
| | #3 | TINTINNIDIUM-LIKE 14% | CYCLOPOID COPEPOD 17% |
| ROTIFERS/LITER | | 109 | 217 |
| MICROCRUSTACEA/LITER | | 94 | 252 |
| ZOOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (#/L) | | 263 | 473 |
| VASCULAR PLANT ABUNDANCE | | | Common |
| SECCHI DISK TRANSPARENCY (m) | | | 3.3 |
| BOTTOM DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L) | | 9.0 | 1.2 |
| BACTERIA (E. coli, #/100 ml) | #1 | | < 10 |
| | #2 | | < 10 |
| | #3 | | < 10 |

SUMMER THERMAL STRATIFICATION:

stratified

Depth of thermocline (m): 4.7
Hypolimnion volume (m³): 43500
Anoxic volume (m³): None

CHEMICAL:

Lake: BAGLEY POND

Town: WINDSOR

| | 19 February 2002 | | 12 July 2001 | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|
| DEPTH (m) | 2.0 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| pH (units) | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.7 |
| A.N.C. (Alkalinity) | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.9 |
| NITRATE NITROGEN | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | < 0.05 | | 0.05 |
| TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN | 0.10 | 0.20 | | | |
| TOTAL PHOSPHORUS | 0.012 | 0.011 | 0.009 | 0.012 | 0.014 |
| CONDUCTIVITY (μ mhos/cm) | 23.4 | 24.5 | 18.4 | 18.8 | 21.4 |
| APPARENT COLOR (cpu) | 16 | 22 | 17 | 21 | 28 |
| MAGNESIUM | | | 0.26 | | |
| CALCIUM | | | 1.3 | | |
| SODIUM | | | 1.4 | | |
| POTASSIUM | | | < 0.40 | | |
| CHLORIDE | < 3 | < 3 | < 2 | | < 2 |
| SULFATE | 4 | 5 | 3 | | 3 |
| TN : TP | 8 | 18 | | | |
| CALCITE SATURATION INDEX | | | 4.3 | | |

All results in mg/L unless indicated otherwise

TROPHIC CLASSIFICATION: 2001

D.O. S.D. PLANT CHL TOTAL CLASS

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|-------|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 7 | Meso. |
|---|---|---|---|---|-------|

COMMENTS:

1. No public access – locked cable across the dirt road to the pond; access was arranged through Interlocken Camp.
2. Although 40 foot depths were recorded and drawn on the bathymetric map, plant growth on the sounder interfered with the fathometer readings. The 40 foot depths are suspect.
3. *Dinobryon* was a strong dominant of the summer net phytoplankton and was abundant. Total zooplankton counts were also elevated and indicate a productive pond. Plankton were also abundant during the winter.

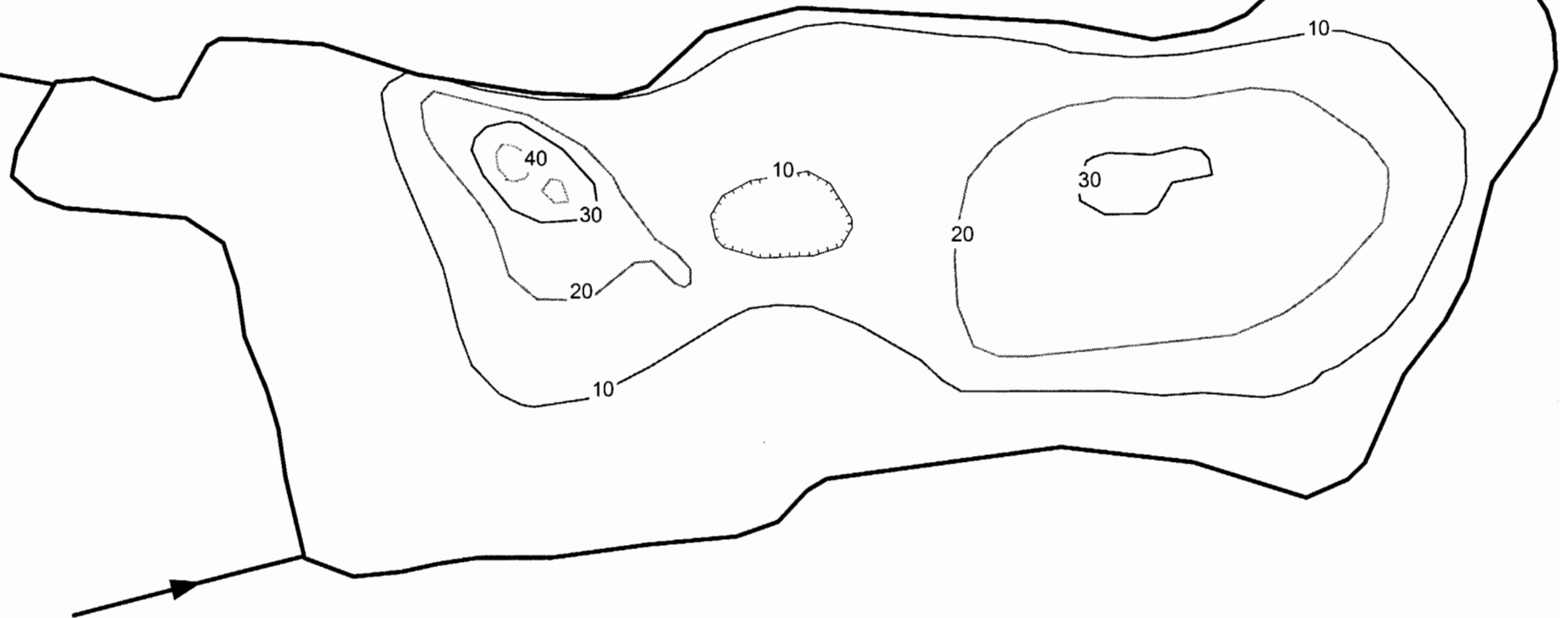
Bagley Pond

Windsor

4-III-4

N

10 foot depth contours

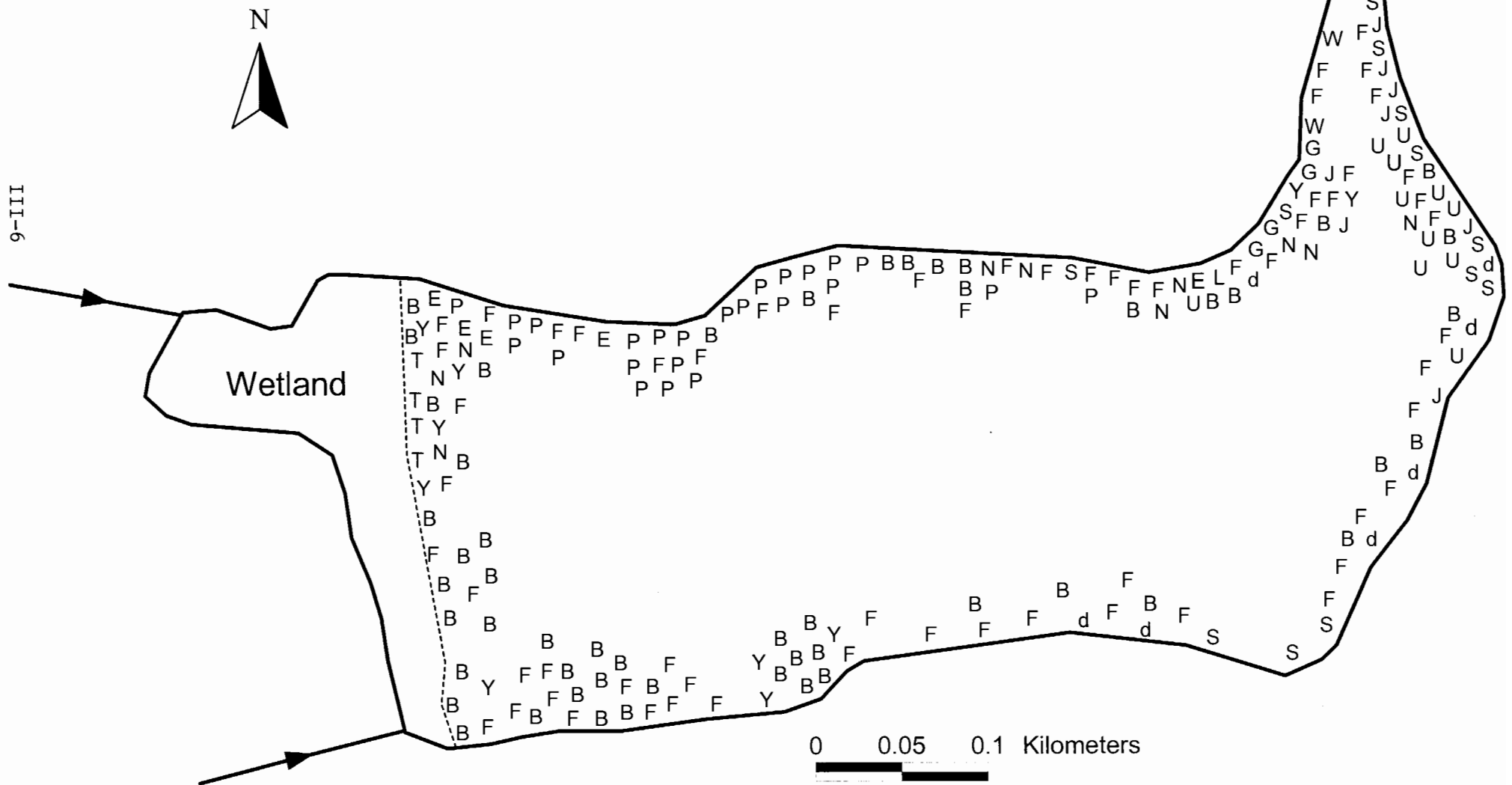


0 0.05 0.1 Kilometers

[illegible]

Bagley Pond

Windsor



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